**NARRATION** (Changing narrative style)

Narration Rvb‡Z n‡j m¤ú‡K© fvj avibv \_vK‡Z n‡e| GLv‡b

P3T6 S5W24

 P3 = 3 ai‡Yi person

T6  = 6 ai‡Yi Tense

Attention

 S5 = ai‡Yi sentences

 W24 = 24wU words

Avkv Kwi †Zvgv‡`i D³ wel‡q mvgvb¨ avibv Av‡Q | Zvn‡j †Kvb wPšÍv †bB| Avgiv ax‡i ax‡i Rvbe| gW¨yjwU 10g †kÖwYi Rb¨ cÖ¯‘Z weavq 8g †kÖwYi wkÿv\_x©‡`i we¯ÍvwiZ (‡kl w`‡Ki wKQz wbqg Avi wKQz cÖkœ) bv co‡jI Pj‡e|

**What is Narration?**

g‡b Ki Zzwg ¯‹z‡ji †eZb †`evi Rb¨ †Zvgvi evevi wbKU n‡Z UvKv PvB‡j wZwb ej‡jb “I have no money today” GLb Zzwg ¯‹z‡j G‡m †Zvgvi evevi K\_vwU wk¶K‡K †ck Ki‡Z PvI ------

 Zv Zzwg `y' fv‡e Ki‡Z cvi, †hgbt-

1. Father says, “ I have no money **today**”.

2. Father says that he has no money **that day**.

G iKg Kv‡iv †Kvb Dw³ ev e³e¨ª‡K Bs‡iRx‡Z Narration e‡j |

**How many kinds of narration? (narration KZ cÖKvi I wKwK?)**

There are two kinds of Narration. These are:-

**Direct (wW‡i± nj ï× D”PviY) Narration** t- e³vi e³e¨ hw` ûeû cÖKvk Kiv nq Zv n‡e Direct Narration.

 **Indirect narration** t- e³vi e³e¨ hw` ûeû cÖKvk bv K‡i A‡b¨i Revbx‡Z cÖKvk Kiv nq Zv n‡jv Indirect Narration.

**g‡b ivL‡et**-

Direct Speech Gi †h AskUzKz e³v wb‡RB e‡j Zvi verb †K reporting verb e‡j ,

†hgbt- He **says,** “ I am a boy”. evK¨wU‡Z says n‡jv reporting verb .

Aci c‡¶ e³v Ac‡ii D³ †h AskwU ûeû Zz‡j a‡i Zv‡K e‡j reported speech.

 †hgb “**I am a boy**” n‡jv reported speech.

**Rules regarding Speech (Narrative style) change**

Direct Narration ‡K Indirect Narration G cwieZ©b Kivi wbqg ¸‡jv‡K K‡qKwU av‡c Av‡jvPbv Kiv n‡e, Zv n‡e-

 (A) Change of Persons. (P3)

 **(B) Change of Tenses(T6) (according to sequence)**

 (C) Change of Some defininte words (W24)

 **(D) Changing according to Sentence (S5)**

 (E) Change of conversation

 **(F) Change of Passages (Text)**

Details of narrative style

**(A1) Change of Persons (1520)**

**Rules-1**:-Reported speech Gi **1st person** (I, we) me©`v reporting verb Gi **Subject** Gi Number (singular bvwK plural),Gender (masculine bvwK feminine) Abymv‡i cwiewZ©Z n‡e|

Direct :- He says, “**I** am well”.

Indirect - He says that **he** is well.

 (GLv‡b I cwieZ©b n‡q He n‡q‡Q )

 **Rules-2**:-Reported speech Gi **2nd person** (you)me©`v reporting verb Gi **Object** Gi Number (singular bvwK plural) ,Gender (masculine bvwK feminine) Abymv‡i cwiewZ©Z n‡e|

 Direct :- He says to me, “**You** are well’

 Indirect:- He told me that **I** am well’

 (GLv‡b me cwieZ©b n‡q I n‡q‡Q )

**Rules-3**:-Reported speech Gi 3rd person cwieZ©b nq bv |

 Direct :- He says to Kamal “***He*** is well”.

Indirect:- He told Kamal that ***he*** is well’(GLv‡b Kamal/he cwieZ©b nqwb| )

 Direct :- Helena said to Karina “ She is unwell”.

Indirect:- Helena told Karina that s***he*** was unwell

(A2) Inverted comma D‡V hvq Ges G Rb¨ that e‡m| Z‡e imperative Gi †ejvq to, interrogative sentence Gi †ejvq if/whether/WH e‡m|

Persons g‡b ivLvi †KŠkjt- 1520 GLv‡b 5 †`L‡Z Bs‡iwR s Gi gZ| 0 †`L‡Z Bs‡iwR O Gi gZG Zvn‡j 1520 = 1S2O. 1= aijvg 1st person , 2= aijvg second person. Zvn‡j Avgiv coe; First person subject , second person object Gi gZ n‡e| 1520 = First person subject,second person object.

 That emv‡bvi †KŠkjt ‡h me sentences Gi evbv‡b I Av‡Q Zv‡`i †ejvq That emv‡Z nq bv|

‡Kvb sentences G wK **Conjunctions** emv‡Z nq †`‡L wbB|

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| sentences | **Conjunctions**  |
| **Assertive**  | **that** |
| **Interrogative**  | **If/wether/WH** |
| **Imperative**  | **If\*** |
| **Optative**  | **that** |
| **Exclamatory**  | **that** |

Reporting verb emv‡bvi †KŠkj

‡Kvb sentences G wK Reporting verb(past) emv‡Z nq †`‡L wbB|

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| sentences | **Conjunctions**  |
| **Assertive**  | **Said/told** |
| **Interrogative**  | **asked** |
| **Imperative**  | **Ordered/requested/advised**  |
| **Optative**  | **Wished/prayed** |
| **Exclamatory**  | **Exclaimed with joy/sorrow/grief** |

**(B) Change of Tenses (T6)**

**Rules-1**; Reporting verb hw` **Present tense , Future tense** nq Z‡e Reported speech Gi †Kvb cwieZ©b n‡e bv

 Example:-Direct :- He **says** , “I went to school”

 Indirect:- He says that **he** went to school.

 (Says; present tense weavq reported speech cwieZ©b nqwb)

**Rules-2**; Reporting verb hw` **past tense** nq , Z‡e Reported speech Gi verb Gi tense hvB †nvK bv †Kb Zv corresponding past tense G cwiewZ©Z n‡e |

**GLb wb‡Pi D`vnib ¸‡jv fvj fv‡e AvqË Kit-**

Present indefinite tense cwiewZ©Z n‡q -------Past indefinite tense n‡e|

Present continuous tense cwiewZ©Z n‡q -----Past continuous tense n‡e|

Present perfect tense cwiewZ©Z n‡q -------- Past perfect tense n‡e|

Present perfect continuous tense cwiewZ©Z n‡q ---Past perfect continuous tense n‡e|

Past indefinite tense cwiewZ©Z n‡q ----------Past perfect tense n‡e|

Past continuous tense cwiewZ©Z n‡q - Past perfect continuous tense n‡e|

Examples:-

Direct :- He said , “ I go to school”

Indirect:-He said that he went to school. (Present—-----past indefinite)

 [ GLv‡b said n‡jv reporting verb Avi GwU Av‡Q Past indefinite tense G. ZvB I go to school cwieZ©b n‡q I went to school (past indefinite) nj .]

Direct :- He said to me ,” He is going to school”

Indirect:-He told me that he was going to school.(present cont—-past continuous)

 [ GLv‡b said n‡jv reporting verb Avi GwU Av‡Q Past indefinite tense G. ZvB He is going to school (present continuous tense cwieZ©b n‡q he was going to school (past continuous tense) nj ]

Direct :- He said ,”We have played football”.

 Indirect:-He said that they had played football.(present perfect –past perfect)

 [ GLv‡b said n‡jv reporting verb Avi GwU Av‡Q Past indefinite tense G. ZvB We have played football (present perfect tense cwieZ©b n‡q We had played football (past perfect tense) nj ]

Direct :- Helal said ,”I have been playing football for two days”

Indirect:-Helal said that he had been playing football for two days..(Perfect continuous)

 [ GLv‡b said n‡jv reporting verb Avi GwU Av‡Q Past indefinite tense G. ZvB I have been playing football for two days (present perfect continuous tense cwieZ©b n‡q I had been playing football for two days (past perfect continuous tense) nj ]

Direct :- He said , “I sang a song”

Indirect:- He said that he had sung a song (Past indefinite)

[ GLv‡b said n‡jv reporting verb Avi GwU Av‡Q Past indefinite tense G. ZvB “I sang a song(past indefinite tense cwieZ©b n‡q he had sung a song (past perfect tense ) nj ]

Direct :- He said ,“I was singing a song”.

Indirect:- He said that he had been singing a song (P. P continuous)

[ GLv‡b said n‡jv reporting verb Avi GwU Av‡Q Past indefinite tense G. ZvB I was singing a song (past continuous tense cwieZ©b n‡q he had been singing a song. (past perfect continuous tense) nj , Avi me mgq person cwieZ©b n‡jv B ]

 Zvn‡j cwieZ©b g‡b ivL‡ev †Kg‡b? RV pa-te Pre n‡e pa. A\_©vr reporting verb (rv) Past tense n‡j mKj present tense , Past indefinite tense n‡e|

**Note:-shall, will, can, make(causative), let, dare Gi ci verb wU AcwiewZ©Z \_v‡K|**

Direct :-He said, “I can do the sum”.

Indirect:-He said that he could do the sum (modal)

**g‡b ivL‡e t- e³e¨wU wPišÍb mZ¨ wKsev Af¨vmMZ mZ¨ n‡j Tense Gi †Kvb cwieZ©b nq bv**

Direct:- He said, “I walk for an hour every day.

Indirect:-He said that he walks for an hour every day.

Direct:-The teacher said “The earth moves round the sun.”

Indirect:-The teacher said that the earth moves round the sun.

**(C) Change of Some definite words (W24)**

Narration cwieZ©‡bi mgq wKQy wKQy ˆbKU¨ evPK kã‡K `yiZ¡ evPK k‡ã iƒcvšÍwiZ nq| GiKg 24 wU kã †`Lv hvq| **wb‡P Zvi ZvwjKv †`qv nj t-**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Direct speech \_vK‡j** | **Indirect speech n‡e** |
| Today cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | That day/the same day n‡e |
| Tomorrow cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | The next day/following day n‡e |
| Yesterday cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | The previous day/the day before n‡e |
| The next year cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | The following year n‡e |
| The next week cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | The following week n‡e |
| Tomorrow morning cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | The next morning n‡e |
| Tomorrow afternoon cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | The next afternoon n‡e  |
| Yesterday morning cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | The previous morning n‡e |
| Yesterday afternoon cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | The previous afternoon n‡e |
| \*Here cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | There n‡e |
| \*This cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | That n‡e |
| These cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | Those n‡e |
| Ago cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | Before n‡e |
| Hence cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | Thence n‡e |
| Come cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | Go n‡e |
| Hither cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | Thither n‡e |
| \*now cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | Than n‡e |
| then cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | than n‡e |
| thus cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | so n‡e |
| It cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | that n‡e |
| but cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | Express dissatisfaction n‡e |
| The day after tomorrow cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | In two days time n‡e |
| The day before yesterday cwiewZ©Z n‡q  | Two days before n‡e |

 **(D) Changing according to Sentence (S5)**

Narration cwieZ©‡bi mgq Sentence Abymv‡i wKQy iƒcvšÍi nq wb‡P Zvi avivevwnK weeib †`qv nj|

**Assertive sentence**

1. wPišÍb mZ¨ , Af¨vmMZ mZ¨ I ˆeÁvwbK mZ¨ eySv‡j reporting verb past tense Gi n‡j I reported speech G tense Gi †Kvb cwieZ©b n‡e bv |

 Direct:- The teacher said , “ The earth moves round the sun”( **wPišÍb mZ¨)**

 Indirect:-The teacher said that the earth moves round the sun.(†Kvb cwieZ©b nq wb)

**For practice-1**

wb‡Pi sentence ¸wji indirect form wjL| Gevi DËi wgwj‡q bvI| Miwgj n‡q \_vK‡j hvPvB K‡i bvI|

1. He said, “ Honesty is the great virtue”.

2. They said , “ Time and tide wait for none”

3. The teacher said, “ Knowledge is power”.

 4. The teacher said, “ Allah is one”.

5. He said,” My father reads the holly Quran everyday”.

6. Alam said to Zamal, “We have six seasons in a year”

**Answer@ practice-1**

1. He said, “Honesty is a great virtue”.

 **He said that honesty is a great virtue.**

2. They said , “ Time and tide wait for none”

 They said that time and tide wait for none”

3. The teacher said, “Knowledge is power”.

 The teacher said that knowledge is power

4. The teacher said, “ Allah is one”.

 The teacher said that Allah is one.

5. He said,” My father reads the holy Quran everyday”.

 He said that his father reads the holy Quran everyday.

**2. must hy³ evK¨ Øviv wPišÍb mZ¨ eySv‡j must AcwiewZ©Z \_v‡K , Ab¨\_vq must cwiewZ©Z n‡q had to nq|**

 Direct:- The teacher said to me , “You must obey your parents.

 Indirect:-The teacher told me that I must obey my parents.

**For practice-2**

wb‡Pi sentence ¸wji indirect form wjL| Gevi DËi wgwj‡q bvI| Miwgj n‡q \_vK‡j hvPvB K‡i bvI|

1. Helal said to me , “I must obey my parents.”

2. They said to me , “ You must carry out the order of your teachers.” 3. Tapan said to Sawpon , “You must go there”.

4. I said to him , “ I must go home”

5. He said, “ I must play the final game”

**Answer @ practice-2**

1. Helal said to me , “I must obey my parents.”

 Helal told me that he must obey his parents.”

2. They said to me , “ You must carry out the order of your teachers.”

 They told me that we had to carry out the order of our teachers.

3. Tapan said to Sawpon , “You must go there”.

 Tapan told Sawpon he (s) had to go there.

4. I said to him , “ I must go home”

 I told him that I had to go home.

5. He said, “ I must play the final game”

 He said that he had to play the final game.

**3. Now. Here, this G wZbwU cÖwZ‡e`‡Ki mvg‡b Dcw¯’Z \_v‡K e‡j G‡`i cwieZ©b nq bv**

 Direct:- The boy said to me ,” **This** my pencil”.

 Indirect:-The boy told me that **this** was his pencil.

**For practice**-3

wb‡Pi sentence ¸wji indirect form wjL| Gevi DËi wgwj‡q bvI| Miwgj n‡q \_vK‡j hvPvB K‡i bvI|

1. Ruma said , “Here is my book”

2.Harun said, I shall go home now”

3. Rina said to me,”I shall see you this morning”.

4. Mina said to Karim, “I am going to school now”.

5.“Here is my mother” She said to me.

 **Answer @ practice**-3

1. Ruma said , “Here is my book”

 Ruma said that here was her book.

2.Harun said, I shall go home now”

 Harun said that he would go home now.

3. Rina said to me,”I shall see you this morning”.

 Rina told me that she would see me this morning.

4. Mina said to Karim, “I am going to school now”.

 Mina told Karim that she(M)was going to school now.

5.“Here is my mother” She said to me.

 She told me that here was her mother.

**4. We Øviv gvbe RvwZ‡K eySv‡j we AcwiewZ©Z \_v‡K** \

Direct:- The boy said to me ,” **We** are not to blame for this”

Indirect:-The boy told me that **we** are not to blame for that.

**5. wPiKvjxb eva¨evaKZv bv eySv‡j must cwieZ©b n‡q had to n‡e|**

Direct:- The boy said to me ,” **I** **must** go there ”

Indirect:-The boy told me that he **had to** go there.

**6. Inverted comma Gi †fZ‡i sir \_vK‡j object Gi ci respectfully n‡e|**

Direct:- The boy said to me ,” **I want to go to home sir** ”

Indirect:-The boy told me **respectfully** that he wanted to go home.

**7. “Sir”** Gi Av‡M **yes** \_vK‡j **promised, No** \_vK‡j **denied n‡e|**

Direct:- The boy said to me ,”Yes sir I will go”

Indirect:-The boy promised me respectfully that he would go

**8.** Direct speech G By God/ By my life/ By my job \_vK‡j swearing by God/job/life n‡e**|**

**9.** Direct speech wU assertive sentence n‡j I hw` Ó? Ó \_v‡K Zvn‡j Being surprised em‡e|

10. Inverted comma Gi †fZ‡i OK \_vK‡j agree with n‡e|

11. Inverted comma Gi †fZ‡i Hi/Hellow \_vK‡j great n‡e|

12. Inverted comma Gi †fZ‡i Good morning/good evening/good night \_vK‡j wish/wished n‡e|

13. Inverted comma Gi †fZ‡i Good bye \_vK‡j bid/bade n‡e|

**14. Inverted comma Gi †fZ‡i thank you \_vK‡j thank/thanked n‡e|**

**15**. Direct speech subject bv \_vK‡j The speaker said to the person spoken to em‡e|

Example:- Direct:- I will meet you tomorrow .

Ind:- The speaker said to the spoken to that he would meet him the next day.

**16.** Replied/cried/uttered/asked \_vK‡j Zv AcwiewZ©Z \_vK‡e |

Interrogative style n‡e**|**

D:-Karim said to me, “ You have done this how fine this picture?

Ind:- Being surprised Karim asked me if I had done that how fine that picture .

For practice-4

1. Suma said , “**We** are brave nation”

2. He said to me , “ **We** are free nation”.

wb‡Pi sentence ¸wji indirect form wjL| Gevi DËi wgwj‡q bvI| Miwgj n‡q \_vK‡j hvPvB K‡i bvI|

**Grand Exercise for Test-5**

1. I said to my sister, “ Two and two makes four.”

2. The teacher said , “ Honesty is the best policy”

3. He said to me, “ I shall see you tomorrow”

4. He said to me , “ I shall go to school tomorrow”

5. Mina said, “I shall go home next week’

6. He says, “I am going to Dhaka next week”

7. You will say, “I am well today”

8. Suman said, “This is my book which I lost yesterday”

9. The teacher said , “Dirty water is dangerous for health”

10. Milon said , I am a student”

11. He said to me ,” Allah is one”

12. He said “ I have done it today’

13. My father said , Water is liquid’

14. Meena said to Rina she is my sister”

15.Gazi said, “He was doing the work”

16.They said to you ,” We have been my friends for long time”

17. He said to me , “I was glad to see you”

18. He said to his brother ,” You should accompany me to Dhaka”

19. Shuli said, “I cannot repair radio”

20. The doctor said , “ All foods are not nutritious”

21. He said , “ I caught a bird yesterday”

22. He said to me , I was catching fish”

23. He said , “I shall catch fish tomorrow”

24. He said to me , “You must obey your teachers”

25. He says, “I am satisfied”

26. They say, We are arguing for this matter”

**Answer @ Grand Exercise for Test-5**

1. I said to my sister, “ Two and two make four.”

 **gv\_v LvUvB t- GLv‡b reporting verb nj said hv nj past tense ZvB wbqgvbyhvqx reported speech Gi tense cwieZ©b nevi K\_v wKš‘ evK¨ wPišÍb mZ¨ weavq Avi cwieZ©b Kiv `iKvi bvB| GLv‡b reporting verb said Gi ci** to **Av‡Q ZvB told emv‡Z n‡e| Zv n‡j cwiewZ©Z evK¨wU n‡e-**

 **I told my sister that two and two make four.**

2. The teacher said , “ Honesty is the best policy”

 **The teacher said that honesty is the best policy.**

**3. He said to me, “ I shall see you tomorrow”**

**gv\_v LvUvB t- GLv‡b reporting verb nj said hv nj past tense ZvB wbqgvbyhvqx reported speech Gi tense cwieZ©b n‡e | GLv‡b reporting verb said Gi ci** to **Av‡Q ZvB told emv‡Z n‡e| reported speech G shall Av‡Q hv cwiewZ©Z n‡q would n‡e You cwieZ©b n‡q object Gi g‡Zv n‡e| tomorrow cwieZ©b n‡q next day n‡e| sentence wU assertive ZvB that emv‡Z n‡e| Zv n‡j cwiewZ©Z evK¨wU n‡e-**

 **He told me that he would see me the next day.**

4. He said to me , “ I shall go to school tomorrow”

 **He told me that he would go to school the next day.**

5. Mina said, “I shall go home next week’

 **Mina said that she would go home the following week .**

6. He says, “I am going to Dhaka next week”

 **He says that he is going to Dhaka the following week .**

7. You will say, “I am well today”

 **You will say that you are well that day.**

8. They say, We are arguing for this matter”

 **They say that they are arguing for that matter.**

9. The teacher said , “Dirty water is dangerous for health”

 **The teacher said that dirty water is dangerous for health.**

10. Milon said , I am a student”

 **Milon said that he was a student.**

11. He said to me ,” Allah is one”

 **He told me that Allah is one.**

12. He said “ I have done it today’

 **He said that he had done it that day.**

13. My father said , Water is liquid’

 **My father said that water is liquid.**

14. He says, “I am satisfied”

 He says that he is satisfied. (Says –present tense here)

15.Gazi said, “He was doing the work”

 **Gazi said that he had been doing the work.**

16.They said to you ,” We have been my friends for long time”

 **They told you that they had been their friends for long time.**

17. He said to me , “I was glad to see you”

 **He told me that he had been glad to see me.**

18. He said to his brother,” You should accompany me to Dhaka”

 **He told his brother he would accompany him to Dhaka.**

19. Shuli said, “I cannot repair radio”

 **Shuli said that she could not repair radio.**

20. The doctor said, “ All foods are not nutritious”

 **The doctor said that all foods are not nutritious,**

21. He said, “ I caught a bird yesterday”

 **He said that he had caught a bird the next day.**

**Interrogative sentence**

‡h me sentence Øviv †Kvb cÖkœ Kiv eySvq Zv‡K interrogative sentence e‡j | Interrogative sentence ` y'fv‡e MwVZ nq | †hgb-

1. Auxiliary verb w`‡q ïiy K‡i (hvi DË‡i gyL Ly‡j‡Z nq bv| gyL bv Ly‡j Bkvivq DËi †`qv hvq|)

2. WH w`‡q ïiy K‡i| (hvi DË‡i gyL Ly‡j‡Z nq | gyL bv Ly‡j Bkvivq DËi †`qv hvq bv|)

 **Interrogative sentence ‡K indirect speech Ki‡Z n‡j --**

1. Reporting verb said ¯’‡j asked ev enquired of n‡e ( ask Gi ci to n‡e bv wKš‘ enquire Gi ci of n‡e ) auxiliary verb (am ,is, are ,was, were,…) n‡j conjunction that Gi e`‡j if/ whether em‡e| ev‡K¨i †k‡l ? wPý w`‡Z n‡e bv Av©\_r evK¨wU wee„wZ gyjK n‡q hv‡e | **That emv‡Z nq bv|**

 Direct:- He said to me , “Are you ill”?

**Indirect:- He asked me if/whether I was ill.**

 Direct:- I said to Mina, “Have you ever been Cox’s Bazar?”

 **Indirect:-I asked Mina if/whether she had been to Cox’s Bazar.**

**For practice**-6

wb‡Pi sentence ¸wji indirect form wjL| Gevi DËi wgwj‡q bvI| Miwgj n‡q \_vK‡j hvPvB K‡i bvI|

1. Father said to me , “Did you go to school yesterday?

2. They said to me , “Will you go home today”?

3. The teacher said to the students, “Are you ready?

4. The boy said to me , “Did not you hear the bell?

5. He said to Mina , “ Do you know the girl?.

**Answer @ practice**-6

1.Father said to me , “Did you go to school yesterday?

 **Father asked me if I had gone to school the previous day.**

 **gv\_v LvUvB t-GLv‡b reporting verb nj said hv nj past tense.ZvB wbqgvbyhvqx reported speech hv past indefinite n‡Z cwieZ©b n‡q past perfect Ki‡Z n‡e| You nj second Person hv object Abymv‡র cwieZ©b Ki‡Z n‡ব GLv‡b object nj me did auxiliary verb w`‡q evK¨wU ïiæ n‡jv weavq if** conjunction **emv‡Z n‡e| Yesterday ‡K cwieZ©b K‡i the previous day wjL‡Z n‡e|**

2. They said to me , “Will you go home today”?

 **They asked me if I would go home that day.**

3. The teacher said to the students, “Are you ready?

 **The teacher asked the students if they were ready.**

4. The boy said to me , “Did you not hear the bell?

 **The boy asked me if I had not heard the bell.**

5. He said to Mina , “ Do you know the girl?.

 **He asked Mina if she knew the girl.**

**2. Interrogative sentence wh (who, why, what…) n‡e Øviv ïiæ nq Z‡e if/whether bv ewm‡q WH- connective wnmv‡e †i‡L w`‡Z nq|**

Direct:- The teacher said to me , “ Who are you?”

Indirect :-The teacher asked me who I was.

 Direct:-. He said to me ,” Where are you going?

Indirect :-He asked me where I was going .

wb‡Pi sentence ¸wji indirect form wjL| Gevi DËi wgwj‡q bvI| Miwgj n‡q \_vK‡j hvPvB K‡i bvI|

For practice-7

1. Karim said to me , “ Whose pen is this?”

2. I said to her, “What is your name?”

3. Tapan said to Rupan , “Why are you disturbing me?”

4. I said to him ,” Which book do you want”?

5. He said, “ Who broke the glass?”

6. “Who have done this?” Ripon said.

7 . “What are you doing?” he asked me.

8. Nishan said to Kiron, “Shall I wait for you?”

9. You said to me , “ Are you a fool?”

10. I said to you , “What is your problem?”

Answer @ practice-7

1. Karim said to me , “ Whose pen is this?”

 **Karim asked me whose pen that was.**

2. I said to her, “What is your name?”

 **I asked her what was her name .**

3. Tapan said to Rupan , “Why are you disturbing me?”

 **Tapan asked Rupan why he(R) was disturbing him(T).**

4. I said to him ,” Which book do you want”?

 **I asked him which book he wanted.**

5. He said, “ Who broke the glass?”

 **He asked who had broken the glass.**

6. “Who have done this?” Ripon said.

 **Ripon asked who had done that.**

7 . “What are you doing?” he asked me.

 **He asked me what I was doing.**

8. I said to you , “What is your problem?”

 **I asked you what your problem was.**

 ***3. Shall, will Øviv hw` fwel¨r Abygvb Kiv eySvq Z‡e reporting verb wnmv‡e wonder em‡e|***

Example:-.Direct:- The boy said to me ,” Where shall I be in the market?”

 Indirect:-The boy wondered where he would be in the market.

**For practice-8**

1. Suma said , “What shall I do if you were absent?”

2. Suma said, Where shall I be in my office?”

***4.KvD‡K †Kvb wKQy †`qvi cÖ¯—ve eySv‡j reporting verb wnmv‡e offer em‡e Ges infinitive Gi to em‡e |***

Example:-

 Direct:- The boy said to me ,” Shall I bring you some sweets?”

 Indirect:-The boy offered to bring some sweets for me.

**For practice-9**

1.Suma said , “Shall I arrange a dinner for you?”

2.He said to me , “Shall I help out?’

**Grand Exercise-10**

wb‡Pi sentence ¸wji indirect form wjL| Gevi DËi wgwj‡q bvI| Miwgj n‡q \_vK‡j hvPvB K‡i bvI|

1. Helal said to me , “Did you go to school yesterday?”

2.They said to me , “ Will you go home today?”

3.Father said to me,” How are you ?”

4. He said to me , “When will you come?”

5.Rita said to me, “Who are you?’

6.He says, “Why am I going to Dhaka next week?”

7.You said to me , “Are you well today?”

8. Suman said, “Is this my book?”

9.The teacher said to the students, “Did you learn your lesson?”

10. Milan said , “Am I a student”?

11. He said to the beggar ,”Why are you begging?”

12.He said to me , “Have you done your duty?”

13.My father said to me , “Why are you crying?’

14. My mother said to me , “Did you take tea?”

15. Kazi said to the boy , “How old are you?”

16. They said to me ,” Where are you going?”

17. He said to me , “Were you glad to see the scenery?”

18. He said to his brother , “ Would you accompany with me to Dhaka?”

19. Seuli said to Mina , “ What are you doing?”

20. The doctor said to the patient “What is your problem?”

21.The teacher said to Kamal ,Can you do the sum?”

22.He said to me , “Were you catching fish”?

23.He said to her , “Will you catch fish?”

24.He said to me ,”Do you like the work?

25. He said to me , “Are you satisfied?”

26. The girl said to her mother , “Shall I go out for shopping?”

27. Simu said to Rimu, “Shall I wait for you?”

28. You said to me , “ Are you a fool?”

29. I said to you , “What is your problem?”

30. I said to him , “What is the matter ?”

 **Answer @ Grand Exercise -10**

1. Helal said to me , “Did you go to school yesterday?”

 **Helal asked me if I had gone to school the previous day.**

2. They said to me , “ Will you go home today?”

 They asked me if I would go home that day.

3. Father said to me,” How are you ?”

 Father asked me how I was.

4. He said to me, “When will you come?”

 He asked me when I would go.

5. Rita said to me, “Who are you?’

 Rita asked me who I was.

6. He says, “Why am I going to Dhaka next week?”

 He ask me why I am going to Dhaka the previous week.

7. You said to me , “Are you well today?”

 You asked me if I was well that day.

8. Suman said, “Is this my book?”

 Suman asked if that was my book.

9.The teacher said to the students, “Did you learn your lesson?”

 The teacher asked the students if they had learnt their lesson?”

10. Milan said , “Am I a student”?

 Milan asked if he was a student.

11. He said to the beggar ,”Why are you begging?”

 He asked the beggar why he was begging.

12.He said to me , “Have you done your duty?”

 He asked me if I had done my duty.

13. My father said to me , “Why are you crying?’

 My father asked me why I was crying.

14. My mother said to me , “Did you take tea?”

 My mother asked me if I had taken tea.

15. Kazi said to the boy , “How old are you?”

 Kazi asked the boy how old was he.

16. They said to me ,” Where are you going?”

 They asked me where I was going.

17. He said to me , “Were you glad to see the scenery?”

 He asked me if I was glad to see the scenery.

18. He said to his brother , “ Would you accompany with me to Dhaka?”

 He asked his brother if he accompanied with him to Dhaka.

19. Seuli said to Mina , “ What are you doing?”

 Seuli asked Mina what was she(M) doing.

20. The doctor said to the patient “What is your problem?”

 The doctor asked the patient what was his(P) problem.

21. The teacher said to Kamal ,Can you do the sum?”

 The teacher asked Kamal if he could do the sum.

22. He said to me , “Were you catching fish”?

 He asked me if I had been catching fish.

23. He said to her , “Will you catch fish?”

 He asked her if she would catch fish.

24. He said to me ,”Do you like the work?

 He asked me if I liked the work.

25. He said to me , “Are you satisfied?”

 He asked me if I was satisfied.

26. The girl said to her mother , “Shall I go out for shopping?”

 The girl asked her mother if she would go out for shopping.

27. Simu said to Rimu, “Shall I wait for you?”

 Simu asked Rimu if she(S) would wait for her(R).

28. You said to me , “ Are you a fool?”

 You asked me if I was a fool.

29. I said to you , “What is your problem?”

 I asked you what was my problem.

30. I said to him , “What is the matter”

 I asked him what the matter was.

 Note :- Reporting verb said ¯’‡j asked ev enquired of n‡Z cv‡i| ( ask Gi ci to n‡e bv wKš‘ enquire Gi ci of n‡e

**Imperative sentence**

*1.* Imperative sentence G A\_©vbymv‡i order , request, command, advice ,tell, beg, entreat, ask, warn,forbid(negative), prohibit(negative) em‡e| That emv‡Z n‡e bv | imperative mood ‡K infinitive mood G cwieZ©b Ki‡Z n‡e| A\_©vr gyj verb Gi c~‡e© to emv‡Z n‡e ( negative n‡j not to emv‡Z n‡e )|

 Example:- Direct:- He said to me , “Do the sum.”

 Indirect:-He **told** me to do the sum.

 Direct:- I said to Mina ,”Get out at once.”

 Indirect:-I ordered Mina to get out at once.

 Direct:- He said to me ,”Don’t shout here.”

 Indirect:-He **forbade** me to shout there.

**For practice-11**

wb‡Pi sentence ¸wji indirect form wjL| Gevi DËi wgwj‡q bvI| Miwgj n‡q \_vK‡j hvPvB K‡i bvI|

1.The captain said to the soldier “March on”

2.The master said to the servant , “Do it at once”

3.The teacher said to the students, “Do not waste your time”

4. The king said to the minister, “Help the poor’

5.He said to me, “Go along the road”

**Answer @ For practice-11**

1.The captain said to the soldier “March on”

The captain commanded the soldier to march on.

2.The master said to the servant , “Do it at once”

 **The master ordered the servant to do it at once.**

3.The teacher said to the students, “Do not waste your time”

 **The teacher advised the students not to waste their time.**

4. The king said to the minister, “Help the poor’

 **The king ordered the minister to help the poor.**

5.He said to me, “Go along the road”

 **He told/ordered me to go along the road.**

2. **Direct speech Gi g‡a¨ please Ges sir G `ywU \_vK‡j please Gi cwie‡Z© kindly/politely Ges sir Gi cwie‡Z© respectfully n‡e |**

 Direct: Reza said to me, Please open the door” Indirect:-Reza requested me politely to open the door.

 Direct:-He said to me, please give me some money”

Indirect:- He requested me politely to give him some money.

3. **Reporting verb wbe©vPb Ki‡Z bv cvi‡j wbtm‡›`‡n ask, tell emv‡bv hv‡e|**

 Direct: Reza said to me, Do not tell a lie.”

Indirect:-Reza asked/told me not to tell a lie.

4. **Direct narration G vocative case \_vK‡j vocative case †K reporting verb Gi object**

 **wnmv‡e Mb¨ Ki‡Z n‡e|**

 Examples:- D: Reza said , “Razu come here tomorrow”

 In:-Reza told Razu to go there the next day.

**5. m‡¤^vwaZ e¨w³i m¤úK© D‡jøL \_vK‡j Zv‡K address** (address the person as---and said) **Ki‡Z nq|**

 Examples:- Direct: He said , “ Sir, help me”

Indirect:- He addressed the person as sir and requested to help him.

6. **Let \_vK‡j Ges let Gi ci us \_vK‡j cÖ¯Íve eySvq | G mgq propose/suggest emv‡Z n‡e | let D‡V hv‡e**  **Ges should n‡e| e¨w³ evPK object \_vK‡j to n‡e Ges that conjunction em‡e |**

Direct: He said, “ Let us go out for a walk”

Indirect:- He proposed that we should go out for a walk.

 Direct:-He said to me “Let us fish in the river “

Indirect:-He suggested me that we should fish in the river.

**For practice-12**

wb‡Pi sentence ¸wji indirect form wjL| Gevi DËi wgwj‡q bvI| Miwgj n‡q \_vK‡j hvPvB K‡i bvI|

1. The man said, “Let us go on a picnic”

2. He said , “Let us make a house”

3. I said to my friend ,”Let us go to market.”

**Answer @ For practice-12**

1.The man said, “Let us go on a picnic”

 The man proposed that we should go on a picnic.

2. He said , “Let us make a house”

 He proposed that we should make a house.

3. I said to my friend ,”Let us go to market.”

 I proposed my friend we should go to market.

**7. Let Gi ci us bv \_vK‡j cÖ¯Íve eySvq bv ( GLv‡b me,him,them \_v‡K) G mgq said/ request emv‡Z n‡e | let D‡V hv‡e Ges let Gi cwie‡Z© may /might /may be /might be allowed to n‡e|**

 Examples:- Direct: The man said , Let me go”

 Indirect:- The man said that he might go.

 Direct:- He said to me “Let me do the work”

 Indirect:-He told me that he might be allowed to do the work.

**For practice-13**

wb‡Pi sentence ¸wji indirect form wjL| Gevi DËi wgwj‡q bvI| Miwgj n‡q \_vK‡j hvPvB K‡i bvI|

1. The beggar said, “Let me have some rice”

2. He said ,” Let me come in”

3. He said me “ Let the boy come”

4. “Let me say” he said to me.

**answer @ practice-13**

1. The beggar said, “Let me have some rice”

 The beggar said that he might have some rice.

2. He said ,” Let me come in”

 He said that he might go in.

3. He said me “ Let the boy come”

 He told me that the boy might go.

4. “Let me say” he said to me.

 **He told me that he might say.**

**8. could /would Øviv MwVZ evK¨ hw` imperative sense cÖ`vb K‡i Zvn‡j imperative wbq‡g indirect Ki‡e|**

 Examples: Direct: He said to me ,”could you do the work?”

 Indirect:- He requested to me to do the work

**Grand Exercise -14**

wb‡Pi sentence ¸wji indirect form wjL| Gevi DËi wgwj‡q bvI| Miwgj n‡q \_vK‡j hvPvB K‡i bvI|

1.He said to me, “Don’t mind it.

2.The General said, “ March forward”

3. Father said to me,” Don’t tell a lie”

4. He said to me, “Let us have a rest”

5. Rita said to me, “Let me go”

6. He said , “Rahim go there”

7.The old man said to me , “Let me walk to the market”

8.I said to him ,” Excuse me sir”

9.The teacher said to the students, Good morning”

10. He said to me , “Give me a pen”

11. He said to me , “Sit down”

12.He said to me , “Let me try’

13. My father said to me , “Good bye my dear”

14. My mother said to me , “ Obey the seniors’

15. Kazi said to the man , “Get out from here”

16. The patient said to the doctor, “Please help me”

17. Mina said to Boby, “ Wait here 15 minutes”

18. “Give me ten taka mother ” I said to mother.

**Answer @ Grand Exercise -14**

1. He said to me, “Don’t mind it.

 ***He requested me not to mind it.***

2.The General said, “ March forward”

 ***The General commanded to March forward.***

3. Father said to me,” Don’t tell a lie”

 ***Father advised me not to tell a lie.***

4. He said to me, “Let us have a rest”

 ***He proposed me that we should have a rest.***

5. Rita said to me, “Let me go”

 ***Rita told me that she might go.***

6. He said , “Rahim go there”

 ***He told rahim to go there.***

7.The old man said to me , “Let me walk to the market”

 ***The old man told to me he might walk to the market.***

8. I said to him ,” Excuse me sir”

 ***I requested him politely to excuse me .***

9. The teacher said to the students, Good morning”

 ***The teacher wished the students Good morning.***

10. He said to me , “Give me a pen”

 ***He requested me to give him a pen.***

11. He said to me , “Sit down”

 ***He told me to sit down.***

12.He said to me , “Let me try’

 ***He told me to let him try.***

13. My father said to me , “Good bye my dear”

 ***My father bade me good bye .***

14. My mother said to me , “ Obey the seniors’

 ***My mother advised me to obey the seniors.***

15. Kazi said to the man , “Get out from here”

 Kazi ordered the man to get out from there.

16. The patient said to the doctor, “Please help me”

 The patient requested kindly the doctor to him.

17. Mina said to Boby, “ Wait here 15 minutes”

 Mina told Boby to wait there 15 minutes.

18. “Give me ten taka mother ” I said to mother.

 **I requested mother to g**ive me ten taka .

**Optative sentence**

**1. G** sentence **G reporting verb Gi A\_©vbymv‡i cÖv\_©bv eySv‡j pray/wish em‡e| That emv‡Z n‡e |**

**may †K might G cwieZ©b Ki‡Z n‡e|**  **Sentence wU assertive G cwiYZ n‡q hv‡e** |

 Example:-.Direct:- He said to me , “May you prosper in life.

 Indirect:- He **wished** that I might prosper in life.

Direct:- The teacher said to me “ “May you be happy”

 Indirect:-The teacher **wished** me that I might be happy .

**For practice-15**

wb‡Pi sentence ¸wji indirect form wjL| Gevi DËi wgwj‡q bvI| Miwgj n‡q \_vK‡j hvPvB K‡i bvI|

1. He said, “May Bangladesh live long”

2.The teacher said to the student , “May you live long’

**3.**The teacher said to me “ “May you live long”

4.He said to me, “ May Allah save you”

5.You said , “ Had I won the lottery”

6. Rina said to me, “May you be happy”

7. He said to me, “May our president live long”

**8**.The teacher said to the students , “May you prosper in life”

**9.**The teacher said to me , “May you be rich in future”

**Answer @ For practice-15**

1. He said, “May Bangladesh live long”

 He wished that Bangladesh might live long.

2.The teacher said to the student , “May you live long’

 The teacher wished the student might live long.

**3.** The teacher said to me “ “May you live long”

The teacher wished me that I might live long.

4. He said to me, “ May Allah save you”

 He prayed that Allah might save me.

5. You said , “ Had I won the lottery”

 You wished that you might win the lottery.

6. Rina said to me, “May you be happy”

 Rina wished me she might be happy.

7. He said to me, “May our president live long”

 He wished me that might our president live long.

**8**.The teacher said to me , “May you be rich in future”

The teacher wish me that I might be rich in future.

**Grand Exercise(self) -16**

1 .He said to me, “May Allah grant you long life’

2. The General said to the solders “ God bless you”

3. The old man said to me , “May you prosper in life”

4. He said to me, “May you success in the Examination”

5. I said to him, “ Long live our president”

6. He said to me , “ May you all success”

**Exclamatory sentence**

***1*. G sentence G reported speech Gi A\_©vbymv‡i say cwiewZ©Z n‡q**

`ytL eySv‡j --exclaim with sorrow / cry out in sorrow .

 Aby‡kvPbv eySv‡j---- exclaim with grief em‡e|

 we`vq cÖKvk Ki‡j --- bade em‡e|

 Avb›` eySv‡j ----Exclaimed with joy em‡e|

 Good morning ------ wished em‡e|

 That emv‡Z n‡e |

Sentence wU assertive n‡q hv‡e |

Example:-.Direct:- He said , Alas I am ruined ”

 Indirect:-He exclaimed with sorrow that he was ruined.

Direct:- The boy said, “Hurrah We have won “

Indirect:-The boy exclaimed with joy that they had won.

Direct:- Laila said , “ Good morning my friend”

Indirect:- Laila wished her friend good morning.

1. **What / how \_vK‡j Z`¯’‡j very,greatly,great emv‡Z n‡e** |

 Example:-.Direct:- Mina said , “What a fool I am!”

Indirect:-Mina exclaimed that she was a great fool.

 Direct:- The boy said , “How lucky I am!”

 Indirect:-The boy exclaimed with joy that he was very lucky.

**For practice**-17

1.Rina said , “How unlucky I am!”

2.The boy said ,How backward I am!’

3. Subject Dn¨ \_vK‡j Zvi R‡b¨ It emv‡Z n‡e |

Example:-.Direct:- How fine” She said.

Indirect:-She said that it was very fine.

 Direct:- “What a nice bird “ He said.

Indirect:-He explained with wonder that it was very nice bird.

 **GRAND EXERCISE-18**

wb‡Pi sentence ¸wji indirect form wjL| Gevi DËi wgwj‡q bvI| Miwgj n‡q \_vK‡j hvPvB K‡i bvI|

1**.**  Mina said , “Oh, how nice the bird is!

2. The boy said , “How lucky I am!”

3. She said, “Alas I am undone”

4. She said to me, “Good bye my friend’

5. He said to me, “Thank you”

6. He said , “How strange, the snake is!

7. He said Alas, “My father is dead”

8. They said , “Hurrah ! we have won the game”

9. He said to me , “Happy birth day to you”

 10. They said to us, “Good morning my friends.”

**Answer @ GRAND EXERCISE-18**

1**.**  Mina said , “Oh, how nice the bird is!

 Mina exclaimed with joy /wonder that the bird was very nice.

2. The boy said , “How lucky I am!”

 The boy exclaimed with joy that he was very lucky.

3. She said, “Alas! I am undone”

 She exclaimed with sorrow that she was undone.

 4. She said to me, “Good bye my friend’

 She bade me Good bye.

5. He said to me, “Thank you”

 He thanked me/wished me .

6. He said , “How strange, the snake is!

 He exclaimed with surprise that the snake was very strange.

7. He said Alas, “My father is dead”

 He exclaimed with sorrow that his father was dead.

8. They said , “Hurrah ! we have won the game”

 They exclaimed with joy that they had have won the game.

9. He said to me , “Happy birth day to you”

 He wished me happy birth day.

10. They said to us, “Good morning my friends.”

 They wished his friends good morning .

Changing according Sentence ‍at a glance

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Assertive**  | Interrogative  | Imperative  | **Optative** | Exclamatory |
| **1. wPiš—b mZ¨ I Af¨vm MZ mZ¨ eySv‡j reporting verb past tense Gi n‡j I reported speech G tense Gi †Kvb cwieZ©b n‡ebv\** D:- The teacher said ,” The earth moves round the sun”In:-The teacher said that the earth moves round the sun.**2. wPiš—b mZ¨ eySv‡j must AcwiewZ©Z \_v‡K Ab¨\_vq must cwiewZ©Z n‡q had to n‡e|** D:- The teacher said to me ,” You must obey your parents” In:-The teacher told me that I must obey my parents.**3. Now. here, this G wZbwU cÖwZ‡e`‡Ki mvg‡b Dcw¯’Z \_v‡K e‡j G‡`i cwieZ©b nqbv** Direct:- The boy said to me ,” This my pencil” Indirect:-The boy told me that **this** was his pencil.**4. We Øviv gvbe RvwZ‡K eySv‡j we AcwiewZ©Z \_v‡K**\ Direct:- The boy said to me ,” **We** are not blame for this”Indirect:-The boy told me that **we** are not blame for this. | ***1. Reporting verb ask or enquire n‡e ask Gi ci to n‡ebv wKš‘ enquire Gi ci of n‡e auxiliary verb (am,is,are,was,were,…) \_vK‡j conjunction wnmv‡e if/wether em‡e| ? wPý w`‡Z n‡ebv | That emv‡Z n‡ebv |***Direct:- He said to me , Are you ill? Indirect:-He asked me if/wether I was ill.***2. Interrogative sentence wh (who,why,what…) n‡e Øviv ïi“ nq Z‡e if/wether bv ewm‡q WH- connective wnmv‡e †i‡L w`‡Z nh|*** Direct:- The teacher said to me ,” Who are you?”In:-The teacher asked me who I was.***3. Shall,will Øviv hw` fwel¨r Abygvb Kiv eySvq Z‡e reporting verb wnmv‡e wonder em‡e|*** Direct:- The boy said to me ,” Where shal I be in the market?”  Indirect:-The boy wondered where he would be in the market.***4.KvD‡K †Kvb wKQy †`qvi cÖ¯—ve eySv‡j reporting verb wnmv‡e offer em‡e Ges infinitive Gi to em‡e |*** Direct:- The boy said to me ,” Shall I bring you some sweets?” Indirect:-The boy offered to bring some sweets for me. | **1. G** sentence **A\_©vbymv‡i order , request, command, advice ,tell, beg, entreat, ask, warn,forbid (negative),prohibit(negative) em‡e| That emv‡Z n‡ebv | imperative mood ‡K infinitive mood G cwieZ©b Ki‡Z n‡e| A\_©vr gyj verb** Gi c~‡e© **to** emv‡Z n‡e ( **negative**  n‡j **not to**  )|Direct:- He said to me , “Do the sum.” In:-He told me to do the sum.2. **Direct speech Gi g‡a¨ please Ges sir G `ywU \_vK‡j please Gi cwie‡Z© kindly/politely Ges sir Gi cwie‡Z© respectfully n‡e |**Direct: Reza said to me, Please open the door”Indirect:-Reza requested me politely to open the door.3.**Reporting verb wbe©vPb Ki‡Z bv cvi‡j wbm‡›`‡n ask, tell emv‡bv hv‡e|**direct: Reza said to me, Do not tell a lie.”Indirect:-Reza asked/told me not to tell a lie.4. **Direct narration G vocative case \_vK‡j vocative case †K reporting verb Gi object**  **wnmv‡e Mb¨ Ki‡Z n‡e|**D: Reza said , “Razu come here tomorrow”In:-Reza told Razu to go there the next day.**5. m‡¤^vwaZ e¨w³i m¤úK© D‡j­L \_vK‡j Zv‡K address Ki‡Z nq|**Direct: He said , Sir help me”Indirect:- He addresses the person as sir and requested to help him.6. **Let \_vK‡j Ges let Gi ci us \_vK‡j cÖ¯—ve eySvq | G mgq propose/suggest emv‡Z n‡e | let D‡V hv‡e**  **Ges should n‡e| e¨w³ evPK object \_vK‡j to n‡e Ges that conjunction em‡e |**Direct: Let us go out for a walk”Indirect:- He proposed that we should go out for a walk.**7. Let Gi ci us bv \_vK‡j cÖ¯—ve eySvq bv ( GLv‡b me,him,them \_v‡K) G mgq said,request emv‡Z n‡e |let D‡V hv‡e Ges let Gi cwie‡Z© mar/might/may be /might beallowed to n‡e|**Direct: The man said , Let me go” Indirect:- The man said that he might go.**8. could /would Øviv MwVZ evK¨ hw` imperative sense cÖ`vb K‡i Zvn‡j imperative wbq‡g indirect Ki‡e|**Direct: He said to me ,”could you do the work?”Indirect:- He requested to me to do the work | ***1.* G** sentence **reporting verb Gi A\_©vbymv‡i cÖv\_©bv eySv‡j pray/wish em‡e| That emv‡Z n‡e |may †K might G cwieZ©b Ki‡Z n‡e|**  **Sentence wU assertive G cwiYZ n‡q hv‡e** |Direct:- He said to me , “May you prosper in life” Indirect:-He **wished** that I might prosper in life. | ***1*. G sentence reported speech Gi A\_©vbymv‡i say cwiewZ©Z n‡q****`ytL eySv‡j exclaim with sorrow / cryout in sorrow . Aby‡kvPbv eySv‡j exclaim with grief****we`vq cÖKvk Ki‡j bade em‡e| That emv‡Z n‡e | Sentence wU assertive G cwiYZ n‡q hv‡e |**Direct:- He said , Alas I am ruined ”Indirect:-He exclaimed with sorrow that he was ruined.**2.What / how \_vK‡j Z`¯’‡j very,greatly,great emv‡Z n‡e |** Direct:- Mina said ,What a fool I am!”Indirect:-Mina exclaimed that she was a great fool.**3. verb Dn¨ \_vK‡j Zvi R‡b¨ It emv‡Z n‡e |**Direct:- How fine” She said.Indirect:-She said that It was very fine. |

**(F) NARRATION OF PASSAGES**

PASSAGE NARRATION cwieZ©‡bi Rb¨ Avjv`v †Kvb wbqg †bB | GZw`b †h me wbqg AvqZ¡ K‡i‡Qv me ¸‡jv wbqg fvj K‡i g‡b ivL‡j †Kvb mgm¨v nevi K\_v bq | gv‡S g‡a¨ A‡bK evK¨ Ab¨ i“‡c †`L‡Z cvI †hgb Mina said “I have come from Comilla and I want to return there . Sentence wU †K Avevi Ab¨fv‡e †`Lv †h‡Z cv‡i †hgb “ I have come from Comilla” Mina said “and I want to return there”--- †Zv evK¨ `y‡Uv g~jZ GKB | myZivs cwieZ©b Kivi gv‡S †Zgb †Kvb cv\_©K¨ †bB |

 G Qvov passage Gi g‡a¨ wewfbœ cÖKvi Sentences †gkv‡bv \_vK‡Z cv‡i ZvB me ¸‡jv wbqg gv\_vq †i‡L G¸‡Z n‡e | wb‡Ri eyw× LvwU‡q gv‡S g‡a**¨ added that,** †Kv\_vI Avevi **replied that** BZ¨vw` emv‡Z n‡e , **swearing by God/life(by God/ my life Gi Rb¨ )** BZ¨vw` emv‡Z n‡e |

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*GKUz gv\_v LvwU‡q wbB| \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

1. Reported speech G GKvwaK GKB cÖKvi evK¨ \_vK‡j reporting verb hvB †nvK bv †Kb GKevi e¨envi Ki‡**Z** nq |

D`vnibt- Direct:- Mina said to me,” How are you? When have you come? (GLv‡b `ywU evK¨B cÖkœ‡evaK)

Indirect:- Mina asked me how I was and when I had gone.

2. Reported speech G evK¨¸‡jv wfbœ wfb œn‡j reporting verb I evi evi D‡jø­L Ki‡Z n‡e\

 Direct:- Mina said to me,” Where are you from ? Speak out. Can’t you hear? May God bless you?”GLv‡b wZb ai‡bi sentence Av‡Q †hgbt-

 a.) Mina said to me, “Where are you from?” Mina said to me, “Can’t you hear?” (Interrogative)

 b) Mina said to me, “Speak out”. (Imperative)

 c) Mina said to me, May God bless you. (Optative)

G‡K Indirect Ki‡Z n‡j cÖ\_g sentence Gi Rb¨ asked

2q sentence Gi Rb¨ order

3q sentence Gi Rb¨ again asked

4\_© sentence Gi Rb¨ prayed n‡e |

 Indirect:- a) Mina asked me where I was from.

 b) She ordered me to speak out.

 c) She again asked me if I could not hear her.

 d) She prayed that God might bless me.

Zvn‡j passage AvKv‡i wjL‡j cvB  **Mina asked me where I was from and ordered me to speak out She asked me again if I could not hear her and finally prayed that God bless me.**

**Direct**:-The girl said, “How fine the picture is! I wish I could buy it.” “But”, said her mother, “It is notdurable and will break down in about a month” Then let us go .mother .we don’t buy it.”

**Indirect**:-The girl exclaimed with surprise that the picture was very fine. She added that she wished she could buy it. Her mother expressed dissatisfaction and said that it was not durable and would break down in about a month. The girl then proposed to her mother that they should go. She said that they did not buy it.

GLv‡b Exclamatory Sentence †K cwieZ©‡bi Rb¨ exclaim with surprised emj| Ges GKB e¨w³ mgch©v‡qi Av‡iKwU K\_v e‡j‡Q weavq added that , Zvi gv but e¨envi K‡i wKQyUv Am‡šÍvwó cÖKvk Kij ZvB her mother expressed dissatisfaction emj | Zvi gv‡qi K\_vi ‡cÖw¶‡Z †g‡qwU gZ cwieZ©b Kij ZvB then e¨eüZ nj | Let us w`‡q evK¨ ïiæ nIqv‡Z G wU cÖ¯Íve eySv‡”Q weavq proposed e¨eüZ n‡jv Ges bZzb K‡i Avevi she said that emj | GLv‡b she added to e¨envi Kiv †hZ |

\*\*\*\*\*\*Avwg eyS‡Z ciwQ †Zvgvi gv\_vq XzK‡Qbv | †Kgb †hb †Mvjgvj jvM‡Q| †Kvb wPšÍv bvB| Avi GKevi GKUz gv\_v LvwU‡q wbB|\*\*\*\*\*\*

1. cÖ\_‡g cy‡iv passage wU c‡o **speaker** (e³v) **listener** (†kªvZv) †K †K wbY©q Ki |

2. Reporting verb ev‡K¨i †k‡l wKsev gv‡S \_vK‡j Zv subject mn mvg‡b wb‡q Avb|

‡hgb:- Direct:-You will pass,” he said if you study”

 Indirect:- **He said** mvg‡b wb‡q Avb

3. A‡bK mgh reporting verb I speaker mivmwi D‡j­L \_v‡K bv G †¶‡Î passage AvMv‡Mvov c‡o †R‡b wb‡Z n‡e GUv Kvi Dw³ | A\_©vbyhvhx reporting verb Aek¨B e¨envi Ki‡Z n‡e\

‡hgb:- ”I’m the boy. ”Yes? But you are small .” I said, Size do not matter “ said Minar.

GLv‡b cÖ\_g evK¨wU †Q‡jwUi Gi | GLv‡b reporting verb said a‡i wb‡Z n‡e|

4. †Kvb e³vi ci ci GKvwaK Dw³ \_vK‡j wØZxq Dw³i ci added, further added , also said, again said emv‡Z n‡e|

5. Reported speech †fZi yes \_vK‡j indirect Kivi mgh replied in the affirmative and said Ges no \_vK‡j replied in the negative and said wjLv hvq |

6. Inverted comma Gi evB‡i †Kvb phrase ev sentence \_vK‡j †mUv cwiewZ©Z n‡ebv| mvavibZ †mUv Av‡MB wjL‡Z nq|

‡hgb:- “You are a humorist.” she said Gaily  **jumping into a cab**.

Indirect:- Jumping into a cab she said gaily that the person spoken to was a humorist.

7. Direct speech G hw` KvI‡K address Kiv nh Z‡e addressing the person as --- w`‡q indirect speech ïiæ Kiv nq|

**Direct**:-Are you hungry, friend?’ said Mina.

**Indirect:-** Addressing as her friend Mina asked if she was hungry.

8. Direct speech G **Good morning**  --- \_vK‡j Reporting verb Gi Subject + wished good morning ----- e‡m|

‡hgb:- **Direct**:- Mina said to me , “**Good morning**  my friend”.

 **Indirect:-** Mina **wished** me good morning.

10. Direct speech G **goodby**e \_vK‡j indirect Kivi mgq Reporting verb Gi subject +bade + object+ goodbye e‡m|

Direct:-Mina said, “**Good bye** my friend”.

Indirect:-Mina **bade** her friend good bye.

***An Example with explanation***

**Direct**:-The girl said , How fine the picture is! I wish I could buy it” .”But”. said her mother.”It is not durable and will break down in about a month” “Let ‘s go mother , “We don’t buy it.”

**Indirect**:-The girl exclaimed with surprise that the picture was very fine . She added that shewished she could buy it .Her mother expressed dissatisfaction and said that it was not durable and would break down in about a month. The girl then proposed to her mother that they would not buy it.

GLv‡b Exclamatory Sentece †K cwieZ©‡bi Rb¨ **exclaim with joy** emj| Ges GKB e¨w³ mgch©v‡qi Av‡iKwU K\_v e‡j‡Q weavq **added that** , Zvi gv but e¨envi K‡i wKQyUv Am‡šÍvwó cÖKvk Kij ZvB her mother expressed dissatisfaction emj | Zvi gv‡qi K\_vi ‡cÖw¶‡Z †g‡qwU gZ cwieZ©b Kij ZvB **the**n e¨eüZ nj | Let us w`‡q evK¨ ïyiy nIqv‡Z G wU cÖ¯Íve eySv‡”Q weavq **proposed** e¨eüZ n‡jv Ges bZzb K‡i Avevi **she said that** emj | GLv‡b she added to e¨envi Kiv †hZ |

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*Avevi GKUz gv\_v LvwU‡q wbB| \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

**Farther practice of Passage Narration**

Look the example carefully and agree with the explanation:

Direct:- Rina, what are you doing?” “Eating rice”

Explanation:- GLv‡b e³v n‡jv wgbv Avi kÖyZv n‡jv wibv | cÖ\_g evK¨wU interrogative Ges reported speech G what Av‡Q | wibvi DËi wU Am¤ú~b© | Zvi DËiwU nIqv DwPZ wQj. “I am eating rice”

Indirect Ki‡Z n‡j cÖ\_g sentence Gi Rb¨ asked

2q sentence Gi RY¨ replied w`‡Z n‡e |

Ab¨b¨ wbqg wVK \_vK‡e |

evK¨wU Avjv`v Avjv`v fv‡e indirect Ki‡j cvB--

(a) Mina asked Rina what she was doing

(b) Rina replied that she was eating rice.

Zvn‡j Gevi passage AvKv‡i wjL‡j cvB

Mina asked Rina what she was doing Rina replied that she was eating rice.

**Gevi wb‡R †Póv Ki-**

**wb‡P DËi †`qv Av‡Q ‡Zvgv‡K ej‡Z n‡e, Zzwg KZ cv‡m©›U eyS‡Z cvi‡j|**

**Now read the speech and with indirect form and explain that how it formed.**

1. I said to him “ Who are you” What do you want?”

*Indirect :- I asked him who he was and what he wanted .*

2. Lima said to me “I have left me pen at home “ Please give me your pen.

 *Indirect :-Lima told me that she had left her pen at home and requested me kindly /politely to give her my pen.*

3.Salam said to his friend, “ What time is it ? My watch has stopped. It is ten o’clock” he said.

 *Indirect:- Salam asked his friend what was the time and said that his watch had stopped. His friend answered that it was ten o’ clock.*

**Exercise to be done-19**

1. Father said to the son, **“Why are you making late**? **Go to school now**.” “**No , I am not going to school today**. **I feel dizzy**” said the son.

2. Zaman said to me, “Have you finished reading the book I gave you yesterday?” “Yes, I have finished reading the book” I replied. “What an interesting book it is! I wish I would borrow the book earlier!” I said. “Will you return the book to me today?” he asked.

3. “Have you killed the rats?” said the Mayor. “Yes I have” said the piper. “Give me the promised money.” “How funny!” said the Mayor. “We can’t give you so much money. Take only fifty.”

4. “Do you understand what I discussed in the class? “ said the teacher.” Yes sir, but we are afraid of reading English . **So we are weak in English**” said the students. **“Read attentively and you will overcome your fear “** said the teacher. **“Thank you”** said the students.

5. **“Why did you not go to school today?”** said the mother to the girl. **“I was ill, mum”** the girl replied. **“How are you today?”** the mother asked again. **“Well”** said the girl**. “Don’t worry for me**.”

6**.“Ratan, have you done your English today**?” asked the teacher. **“Yes, sir, I did it. But I haven’t understood some grammatical points” replied Ratan. “Where is the problem?”** said the teacher. **“Let’s try again.”**

7. A fruit seller said, “which fruits do you want to buy? I have apples from Australia, orange from Darjeeling, grapes from Kashmir” The customer said, What fruits of our country do you have?” The fruit seller said I have coconut ,guava and jackfruit” The customer said” Give me one kg of guava as it will be the substitute of Australian apples”.

**Final Exam-20**

**Re-write the following into reported speech:**

(A)

1. I said to my sister, “ Two and two makes four.”

2. The teacher said , “Honesty is the best policy”.

3. He said to me , “ I shall see you tomorrow”.

4. He said to me , “ I shall go to school tomorrow”.

5. Mina said, “I shall go home next week.”

6. He says, “I am going to Dhaka next month.”

7. You will say, “I am well today.”

8. Suman said, “This is my book which I lost yesterday”

 9. The teacher said , “Dirty water is dangerous for health.”

10. Milon said , I am a student.”

11. He said to me ,” Allah is one.”

12. He said “ I have done it today”.

13. My father said , “Water is liquid”.

14. My mother said to me , “Always speak the truth”.

15. Gazi said, “He was doing the work”.

16.They said to you ,” We have been your friends for long time.”

17. He said to me , “I was glad to see you.”

18. He said his brother ,” You should accompany me to Dhaka.”

19. Shuli said, “I can repair radio.”

20. The doctor said , “ All foods are not nutritious”

21. He said , “ I caught a bird yesterday”

22. He said to me , I was catching fish”

23. He said , “I shall catch fish tomorrow”

24. He said to me , “You must obey your teachers”

25. He says, “I am satisfied”

26. They say, We are arguing for this matter”

27. Simu says to Rimu, “She is not sound health today”

28. You said to me , “ You are a great fool ”

29. I said to you , “ I am a fool one”

30. I say , “ She was suffering for two days”

**(B) Re-write the following into reported speech:**

1. Mina said , “Oh, how nice the bird is!

2. He said to me , “Do you like the work ?”

3. He said, “ I have done it today”

4. Rita said to me, “Let me go”

5. Mina said to me, “Oh, how nice the bird is!” **“ Do you like this** ?”

6. Father said to the son, **“Why are you making late**? **Go to school now.”**

7. **“ Will you come to my house tomorrow?” I asked the boy. ‘’No, I cannot go to your house,”** he said.

8. I said to the man , “ I have found the bag on the pavement,’’ **“ I think this is yours bag**”

9. “What is your name ? I asked the boy. What class do you read in? “ I am Manir ” he said.

10. “What is this? Let’s go to find out. We may learn something from this” the blind men said.

11. “ The earth moves round the sun” said the teacher in class. What an interesting matter! We did not know this” said the students.

12. “Good morning my dear students.” “ How are you this day?’ said the teacher.

13. “ Have you driven away the rats?” said the Mayor” “Yes I’ve” said the pied piper

14. The teacher said to the boy “Why are you late today? “Don’t make late.”

15**.”Hellow my friend, how are you? ” “I’m fine”** Mina said to Rina .

(C) **Rewrite the following into reported speech:**

1. Father said to the son, “Why are you making late? Goto school now.” “No I am not going to school today. I feel dizzy” said the son.

2.“Have you killed the rats?” said the Mayor. “Yes I have” said the piper. “Give me the promised money.”“How funny!” said the Mayor. “We can’t give you so much money. Take only fifty.”

3. Do you understand what I discussed in the class? “ said the teacher.” Yes sir, but we are afraid of reading English . So we are weak in English” said the students. “Read attentively and you will overcome your fear “ said the teacher. “Thank you “ said the students.

***Suggestion with solution***

**Passage Narration for Examination 2020, 2021**

1. The new teacher entered the classroom and said, “Can you tell me what I should do now?” “No Sir,” one of the students said. The teacher smiled and said, “Try to guess.” “You should introduce yourself to us.” another student said. “Thank you.” said the teacher. “You’re really brilliant.”(GKRb Zzb wk¶K ‡kÖYx‡Z cÖ‡ek Kij Ges ejj, Ò‡Zvgiv wK ej‡Z cvi Avgvi wK Kiv DwPZ|Ó Òbv m¨vi|Zv‡`i g‡a¨ GKRb QvÎ ejj| wk¶K nvmj Ges ejj, ÒAbygvb Ki‡Z †Póv Ki|Ó ÒAvcbvi cÖ\_‡g cwiwPwZ nIqv DwPZ|Ó wk¶K ej‡jb, Ò‡Zvgv‡K ab¨ev`|Ó ÒZzwg mwZ¨B †gavex QvÎ|)

**Answer:** The new teacher entered the classroom and *asked the students if they could* tell him what *he should* do *then*. One of the students *replied respectfully in the negative*. The teacher *smiled and told them to* try to guess. Another student *said that he should* introduce *himself* to them. The teacher *thanked him* and *said that he was* really brilliant.

2. The teacher said to the boy, “Why do you make a noise in the class? You are not attentive to your lessons.” “Sorry Sir” said the boy. “I was asking for a pen to my friend.” “Be attentive and listen to what I say.” (wk¶K evjKwU‡K ejj , ÒZzwg †kªYx‡Z †Kb SMov Ki?Ó Zzwg †Zvgvi cv‡V g‡bv‡hvMx bq| Ò`ytwLZÓ evjKwU ejj| ÒAvwg Avgvi eÜzi KvQ †\_‡K GKwU Kjg PvB‡ZwQjvg|Ó Òcv‡V g‡bv‡hvMx nI Avwg hv ewj|Ó)

**Answer:** The teacher *asked* the boy *why he (B) made* a noise in the class. He *added that he (B) was not* attentive to *his (B)* lessons. The boy *apologized to the teacher respectfully/ The boy respectfully said that he was sorry*. He *added that he (B) had been* asking for a pen to *his (B)* friend. Then the teacher *advised him (B) to* be attentive and to listen *to what he (T) said*.

3. Omar (R) said to the woman, “Where do you live?” The woman said, “I live in a poor hut south end to this town. I am hungry but there is no food in my house. Will you give me something to eat?” Hazrat Omar(R) said, “Go home. I am coming with food and money.”

(Igi (ivt) gwnjvwU‡K ejj,ÒZzwg †Kv\_vq \_vK?Ó gwnjvwU ejj, ÒAvwg GB kn‡i †\_‡K `w¶Y w`‡K GK cÖv‡šÍ GKwU ‡QvU Ky‡o N‡i evm Kwi| Avwg Lye ¶yav©Z wKš‘ Avgvi evwo‡Z †Kvb Lvevi †bB| Avgv‡K wK wKQy ‡L‡Z Lvevi w`‡e| nhiZ Igi (ivt) ejj, Òevwo hvI| Avwg Lvevi Ges UvKvcqmv wb‡q AvmwQ|Ó

**Answer:** Omar (R) asked the woman *where she lived*. The woman *replied that she lived* in a poor hut south end to this town. She *added that she was* hungry but there *was* no food in *her* house. She *also asked* him *if he would* give *her* something to eat. Hazrat Omar (R) *told her to* go home and *added that he was* coming with food and money.

4. The old man said, “Can you give me some food? I have been starving for two days.” The maid said, “Why do you beg? Can’t you work?” “No, I am unable to work.”said the old man. Zzwg wK Avgv‡K wKQy Lvevi w`‡Z cvi‡e? Avwg `yÕw`b hveZ Abvnv‡i AvwQÓ| PvKivbxwU ejj ÓZzwg wf¶v Ki †Kb? Zzwg KvR Ki‡Z cvi bv?Ó bv , Avwg KvR Ki‡Z A¶gÓ e„× ‡jvKwU ejj|)

**Answer:** The old man *asked the maid if she could* give *him* some food. He *added that he had been* starving for two days. The maid *asked him why he begged*. She *again asked him if could not* work. *Replying negatively* the old man *said that he was* unable to work

5. “Nasreen, have you done your English lesson today?” asked the teacher.” Yes” Sir, I have done it. But I haven’t understood some grammatical points.” replied Nasreen. “Where is the problem?” said the teacher. “Let us try again.”(wk¶K wRÁvmv Kij, Òbvmwib Zzwg wK AvR †Zvgvi cvV m¤úboe K‡iQ?Ó Òn¨v,m¨vi, Avwg Bnv K‡iwQ| wKš‘ Avwg wKQy e¨vKvi‡Yi Ask eyS‡Z cv‡iwb| bvmwib DËi w`j|

**Answer:** The teacher *asked* Nasreen *if she had done her* English lesson *that day*. *Replying respectfully in the positive* Nasreen *said that she had done it*. But *she added that she had not understood* some grammatical points. The teacher *asked her where the problem was.* He *proposed that they should* try again.

6. A fruit seller said, “Which fruit do you want to buy? I have apples from Australia, oranges from Darjeeling, grapes from Kashmir.” The customer said, “What fruits of our country do you have?” The fruit selller said, “I have coconut, guava and jackfruit.” The customer said, “Give one kg of guava as it will be the substitution of Australian apples.”(GK dj we‡µZv ejj, †Kvb ‡Kvb dj Avcwb wKb‡Z Pvb? Avgvi Kv‡Q A‡÷wjqvi Av‡cj, `vwR©wjs Gi Kgjv, Kvk¥x‡ii Av½yi Av‡Q|Ówe‡µZv ej‡jb| Ò†Zvgvi Kv‡Q Avgv‡`i †`‡ki wK dj Av‡Q?Ó we‡μZv ejj, ÒAvgvi Kv‡Q bvwi‡Kj, †cqviv I KvuVvj Av‡Q|Ó †μZv ejj, ÒAvgvi GK †KwR †cqviv `vI †h‡nZz GUv n‡e A‡÷wjqvi Av‡c‡ji weKí|Ó)

**Answer:** A fruit seller *asked* the customer *which fruit he wanted to buy*. *Then he said that he (S) had* apples from Australia, oranges from Darjeeling, grapes from Kasmir. The customer *asked the fruit seller what fruits* of *their* country *he (S) had*. The fruit seller *replied that he (S) had* coconut, guava and jackfruit. The customer *requested him (S) to* give one kg of guava as *it would be* the substitute of Australian apples.

7. “I have got G.P.A. 5 in the S.S.C. Examination,” said Kamal. “Congratulations.” “What do you intend to do now?” asked Hasan.“I want to study in a reputed college. I will try to get myself admitted into Dhaka College, Said Kamal. (ÒAvwg Gm.Gm.wm cix¶vq wR.wc.G-5 †c‡qwQ,Ó Kvgvj ejj| ÒAwfb›`b!Ó ÒZzwg GLb wK Ki‡Z PvI?Ó nvmvb wRÁvmv Kij| ÒAvwg GKwU bvgKiv K‡j‡R fwZ© n‡Z PvB| Avwg XvKv K‡j‡R fwZ© nIqvi Rb¨ †Póv Kie|Ó)

**Answer:** Kamal *said that he had got* GPA- 5 in the SSC examination. Hasan *congratulated* Kamal. He *asked him (K) what he (K) intend to* do *then*. Kamal *replied that he (K) wanted to* study in a reputed college *and he (K) added that he would* try to get himself admitted into Dhaka college.

8. “Why you are putting up the food in your pocket, Sir?” asked the noble man. “I am doing the right thing. My dress deserves the rich dishes,” replied Sheikh Saadi. “Please tell me clearly what you mean to say?” said the noble man. (ÓRbve, Avcwb Avcbvi Lvevi †Kb c‡K‡U ivL‡Qb?Ó Avcwb †Kb Lv‡”Qb bv ? m¤£všÍ †jvKwU ejj| ÒAvwg mwVK KvRwU KiwQ, GB `vgx Lvevi ¸‡jv GB †cvkv‡Ki Rb¨ gvbvbmB,Ó ‡kL mv`x DËi w`j|Ó ÒAbyMÖn K‡i Avgv‡K ejyb Avcwb wK ej‡Z Pv‡”Qb|Ó Avwg eyS‡Z cviwQ bv Avcwb wK ej‡Z Pv‡”QbÓ m¤£všÍ †jvKwU ejj,Ó

**Answer:** The noble man *asked Sheikh saadi respectfully why he (S) was* putting up the food in *his (S)* pocket. Sheikh saadi *replied that he was doing* the right thing *and he added that his* dress *deserved* the rich dishes. The noble man *requested Sheikh saadi to* tell him clearly *what he (S) meant to* say.

9. “Have you ever been to Cox’s Bazar?” asked Shabab “No, I have never gone there, replied Labib. “But I desire for visiting the place” “I had an opportunity to visit the sea beach last year “said Shabab” “Let us go there this week.” (ÒZzwg wK KLbI K· evRvi wM‡qQ?Ó mveve wR‡Ám Kij| Òbv,Avwg KLbI hvB wb,Ó jvwee DËi w`j|Ó ÒwKš‘ Avwg RvqMvwU ågY Kivi Avkv †cvlY Kwi|Ó ÒMZ eQi Avwg eQi Avgvi GK my‡hvM N‡UwQj mgy`ª ‣mKZ ågYKivi,Ó mveve ejj| ÒPj Avgiv GB mßv‡n †mLv‡b hvq|Ó)

**Answer:** Shabab *asked* Labib *if he ever been* to Cox’s Bazer. Labib *replied in the negative that* he (L) had never *gone* there. But he *added that he desired* for visiting the place. Shabab said *that he had* an opportunity to visit sea beach *the previous year*. He *proposed that they should* go there *that week*.

10. “I came to Bogra this afternoon. I sent you a massage before starting from home” Roka said” Did you receive it in time?” she asked “No, I did not receive” I replied. (ÒAvwg AvR we‡K‡j e¸ov G‡mwQ | evwo †\_‡K iIqvbv †`Iqvi c~‡e© Avwg msev` cvwV‡qwQjvg,ÕÕ †ivKv ejj | Òmgq g‡Zv Zv Avcwb †c‡q‡Qb wK?ÕÕ †m wR‡Ámv Kij| Òbv Avwg Zv cvBbv, ÒAvwg DIi w`jvg |)

**Answer:** Roka *told* me *that she had gone* to Bogra *that afternoon*. She *added that she had sent* me a message before starting from home. She *asked me if I had received* it in time. I *replied in the negative that I had not received* it.

11. The man said to the manager “May I come in Sir?” “Yes,” come in. “What do you want?” said the manager “I want to open a bank account in your bank, “said the man.” Can you tell me the process of opening a savings account?” (‡jvKwU g¨v‡bRvi‡K ejj,ÒAvwg wK wfZ‡i Avm‡Z cvwi,m¨vi?Ó Òn¨v,wfZ‡i Avmyb| Avcwb Kx Pvb?Ó g¨v‡bRvi wR‡Ám Ki‡jb| ÒAvwg Avcbvi e¨vs‡K GKwU e¨vsK wnmve Lyj‡Z PvB|Ó †jvKwU ejj| ÒAvcwb wK ej‡Z cv‡ib Kxfv‡e Avwg GKwU mÂqx wnmve Lyj‡Z cvwi?Ó)

**Answer:** The man *respectfully the manager if he might go* in. The manager *replied in the affirmative and told him to go* in. He *also asked him what he wanted*. The man *replied him (MR) that he wanted to* open a bank account. At last *he asked him (MR) if he could* tell him the process of opening a saving account.

12. The traveller said, “Can you tell me the way to the nearest inn?” Yes “said the peasant.” Do you want one in which you can spend the night?” “No,” replaid the traveller.” I only want a meal.”(ågbKvix ej‡jb, ÒAvcwb wK wbKU¯’ mivBLvbvi c\_wU Avgv‡K e‡j w`‡Z cv‡ib?Ó Òn¨uv,Ó K…lK ejj| ÒAvcwb wK ivZwU KvUv‡bvi Rb¨ †mwU Pv‡”Qb?Ó ÒbvÓ ågYKvix Reve w`‡jb| ÒAvwg ïay Lvevi †L‡Z PvB|Ó)

**Answer:** The traveller *asked* the peasant *if he (P) could* tell *him (T)* the way to the nearest inn. The peasant *replied in the affirmative and asked him if he (T) wanted* one in *which he (T) could spend* the night. The traveller *replied in the negative that he* only *wanted* a meal.

13. I said the passer- by, “What are you seeing now?” “I am seeing the people running here and there” he said. “How happy they are! May God help them. Let me enjoy this. “I said. (Avwg cw\_K‡K ejjvg, ÒAvcwb GLb Kx †`L‡Qb?ÓÒ‡jv‡KRb †h GLv‡b-‡mLv‡b †`․ov‡”Q Avwg Zv †`LwQ|Ó ‡m ejj| ÒZviv KZ myLx! Avjvn Zv‡`i mnvq †nvb| Avgv‡K Zv Dc‡fvM Ki‡Z w`b|Ó Avwg ejjvg|)

**Answer:** I *asked* the passer-by *what he was seeing then*. He *said that he was seeing* the people running here and there. I *exclaimed with joy that they were very* happy. Further I *wished that God might* help them. *Then I told that I might be allowed to* enjoy that.

14. The teacher said to the Student, “Have you prepared your lesson today?’’ “No, Sir,” replied the student. The teacher said, “Why?’’ “I was suffering from headache. I shall do my work tomorrow,” replied the Student.” (wk¶K QvÎ‡K ej‡jb,ÔÔZzwg wK AvR †Zvgvi cvV •Zwi Ki‡Q?” Òbv, m¨viÕÕ QvÎwU Reve w`j| ÒAvR Zzwg †Kgb AvQ?ÕÕ Avwg MZKvj gv\_v e¨\_vq fyMwQjvg| Avwg AvMxgKvj Avgvi KvR Kie|ÕÕ QvÎwU Reve w`j |)

**Answer:** The teacher *asked* the student *if he had prepared his* lesson *that day*. He (S) *respectfully replied that he had not*. The teacher *again asked why he had not prepared his* lesson. The student *replied that he had been* suffering from headache *the previous day*. He (S) *added that he would* do *his* work *the next day*.

15. “My sons listen to me. A great treasure lies hidden in the land. I am going to leave it to you.” “How’ll we find it?” said the sons. “You must dig the land for it” said the old man. (ÒAvgvi cyÎiv Avgvi K\_v †kvb| GKwU wekvj iZoe fvÛvi gvwUi bx‡P jyKvwqZ Av‡Q| Avwg GUv †Zvgv‡`i Rb¨ †i‡L hvw”Q|Ó ÒGUv Avgiv wKfv‡e Ly‡Ru cve?Ó cyÎiv ejj| ÒGUvi Rb¨ †Zvgv‡`i‡K Aek¨B gvwU Lbb Ki‡Z n‡e|Ó e„Ø ‡jvKwU ej‡jb|)

**Answer:** The old man *told his* sons *to* listen to *him and added that* a great treasure *lay* hidden in the land. He *further added that he was* going to leave it to *them*. The sons *asked him how they would* find it. The old man *replied that they had* to dig the land for it.

16. “Have you completed your assignment?” said Rumana. “No, I haven’t completed yet, “replied Farah. “But you must submit it timely,” said Rumana. “I worked on it for several hours yesterday,” replied Farah. (iægvbv dvivn‡K ejj, ÒZzwg wK †Zvgvi Awc©Z KvR K‡i‡Qv?Ó Òbv, Avwg GLbI m¤úboe Ki‡Z cvwi bvB|,Ó dvivn DËi w`j| ÒwKš‘ †Zvgv‡K mgqgZ Rgv w`‡Z n‡e|Ó iægvbv ejj| ÒMZKvj Avwg A‡bK mgq a‡i KvRwU K‡iwQjvg|Ó dvivn DËi w`j|)

**Answer:** Rumana *asked* Farah *if she (F) had completed her (F)* assignment. Farah *replied in the negative and said that she had not completed* yet. *Being dissatisfaction, Rumana told her (F) that she (F)* must submit it timely. Farah *replied that she had worked* on it several hours *the previous day.*

17. “Ratan, have you done your English lesson today?” asked the teacher. “Yes, Sir, I did it. But I haven’t understood some grammatical points.” replied Ratan. “Where is the problem?” said the teacher. “Let us try again.” (ÒiZb, Zzwg wK †Zvgvi Bs‡iwR cvV K‡i‡Qv?Ó wk¶K wRÁvmv Kij| Òn¨v, m¨vi, Avwg Bnv K‡iwQjvg| wKš‘ MÖvgv‡ii wKQy welq eyS‡Z cvwiwb,Ó iZb DËi w`j| Òmgm¨v †Kv\_vq?Ó wk¶K ejj, ÒPj Avgiv Avevi †Póv Kwi|Ó)

**Answer:** The teacher *asked* Ratan *if he had* done his English lesson *that day*. Ratan *replied respectfully in the affirmative* and *said that he had done* it but *he had not understood* some grammatical points. The teacher *again asked him where the problem was*. He *suggested that they should* try again.

18. My sister said to me, “Why are you reading this hour? Don’t you think that it is a time of prayer? Let us go out for a walk after saying prayer.” “Yes, I agree with you,” said I. (Avgvi †evb Avgv‡K ejj, ÒGB mg‡q Zzwg †Kb co‡Qv?Ó Zzwg wK Rvb bv †h GLb cÖv\_©bvi mgq? Pj cÖv\_©bv †k‡l evB‡i nvUu‡Z hvB|Ó Òn¨vu, Avwg †Zvgvi mv‡\_ GKgZ|Ó Avwg ejjvg|

**Answer:** My sister *asked* me *why I was* reading *that hour*. She *again asked if I did not* think that it *was* time of prayer. She *proposed to me that we should* go out for a walk after saying prayer. I *replied in the affirmative* and *said that I agreed* with her.

19. The teacher said to the boy, “Do you think that honesty is the best policy?” “Yes Sir. I think so.” Then learn to be honest from your boyhood.” said the teacher. “Thank you, sir.” said the boy. “May Allah grant you a long life. “said the teacher to the boy. (wk¶K †Q‡jwU‡K ej‡jb,Ó Zzwg wK g‡b Ki †h mZZvB m‡e©vrK…ó cš’v?Ó †Q‡jwU ejj, n¨uv m¨vi, Avwg ZvB g‡b Kwi,Ó Ò AZGe †Zvgvi evj¨Kvj †\_‡K mr n‡Z †kL|Ó wk¶K ej‡jb| ÒAvcbv‡K ab¨ev`, m¨viÓ †Q‡jwU ejj| ÒAvjvn †Zvgvi `xN©Rxex Kiyb,Ó wk¶K ej‡jb|) **(C.B-2015)**

**Answer:** The teacher *asked* the boy *if he thought that* honesty is the best policy. The boy *replied respectfully in the affirmative and said that he thought* so. Then the teacher *advised him to* learn to be honest from *his* boyhood. The boy *thanked his teacher politely*. The teacher *wished that Allah might* grant him a long life.

20. “What are you doing now, Jack?” I said. “I am watching an interesting programme on television.” “Aren’t you wasting your time?” I said. “No, I don’t think so,” he said.( Zzwg GLb wK Ki‡Qv, R¨vK?Ó Avwg ejjvg| ÒAvwg †Uwjwfk‡b AvKl©Yxq GKwU Abyôvb †`LwQ|Ó Zzwg wK †Zvgvi mgq bó Ki‡Qv bv?Ó Avwg ejjvg| Òbv, Avwg †Zgb g‡b Kwi bv,Ó †m ejj|)

**Answer:** I *asked* Jack *what he was* doing *then*. Jack *replied that he was* watching an interesting programme on television. I *again asked him (J) if he was* not wasting *his* (J) time. He *again replied in the negative that he did* not think so.

21. “Zaman said to me, “Have you finished reading the book I gave you yesterday?” “Yes, I have finished reading the book,” I replied. “What an interesting book it is! I wish I would borrow the book earlier.’ I said. “Will you return the book to me today? he said. (Rvgvb Avgv‡K ejj, ÒZzwg wK eBwU cov †kl K‡i‡Qv †hwU Avwg MZKvj †Zvgv‡K w`‡qwQjvg?Ó n¨vu, Avwg eBwU cov †kl K‡iwQ,Ó Avwg DËi w`jvg| ÒwK GK gRvi eB GwU! Avgvi B”Qv nq Avwg hw` eBwU Av‡iv Av‡M avi wbZvg!Ó Avwg ejjvg| Ò Zzwg wK eBwU Avgv‡K AvR †diZ w`‡e?Ó †m wRÁvmv Kij|)

**Answer:** Zaman *asked* me *if I had* finished reading the book *he had given me the previous day.* I *replied in the affirmative and added that I had finished* reading the book. I *exclaimed with delight that it was* a very interesting book. *Further I wished that I might* borrow the book earlier. He *asked me if I would* return the book to him *that day*.

22. “Where do you like to go, Sir? said the ticket officer to the passenger. “I want to go to Chittagong,” said the passenger. “How many tickets do you need?” “I need five tickets.” “Here are the tickets. They will cost one thousand taka,” said the ticket officer. (wU‡KU Kg©KZ©v hvÎx‡K ejj, Òm¨vi, Avcwb †Kv\_vq †h‡Z Pvb?Ó ÒAvcbvi KZwU wU‡KU `iKvi?Ó ÒAvgvi cvPuwU wU‡KU `iKvi|Ó ÒGB wbb wU‡KU¸wj| ‡m¸‡jv‡Z me©‡gvU GKnvRvi UvKv jvM‡e,Ó wU‡KU Kg©KZ©v ejj|)

**Answer:** The passenger *respectfully asked* the ticket officer *where he (P) liked* to go. The passenger *replied that he (P) wanted* to go to Chittagong. The ticket officer *further asked the passenger how many tickets he (P) needed*. He *then replied that he (p) needed* five tickets. *Finally the ticket officer said that there were* the tickets and *they would* cost one thousand taka.

23. The class teacher of class X said to the students, “Do you like to go for study tour?” “Yes’ said all the students. Then he said, “Take permission of your parents.” One of the students said, “Let us go to Cox’s Bazar” The most experienced age-old teacher said, “May your journey be safe and sound.” (10g †kªYxi †kÖwY wk¶K QvÎ-QvÎx‡`i‡K ejj, Ò‡Zvgiv wK wk¶v md‡i †h‡Z PvI?Ó Òn¨vuÓ me QvÎ-QvÎx ejj| Zvici †m ejj, Ò†Zvgvi evev gv‡qi KvQ †\_‡K AbygwZ wb‡e|Ó ÒZv‡`i g‡a¨ GKRb wk¶v\_x© ejj, ÒPj Avgiv K·evRvi hvB|Ó me‡P‡q eq¯‥ AwfÁ wk¶K ejj, Ò‡Zvgv‡`i ågb my›`i I wbivc` †nvK|Ó)

**Answer:** The class teacher of class X *asked* the students *if they liked* to go for study tour. All the students *replied in the affirmative.* Then *he (T) advised to* take permission of *their* parents. One of the students *proposed that they should* go to Cox’s Bazar. The most experienced age-old teacher *wished that their* journey *might* be safe and sound.

24. The passer-by stopped me and said, “Sir, can you tell me the way to the nearest inn?” “Yes, I can,” I said. “Go straight about 100 yards and then turn left. You will find it.” “Thank you Sir,” He said. (cw\_K Avgv‡K \_vgvj Ges wRÁvmv Kij, Òm¨vi Avgv‡K wbKUZg mivB Lvbvi c\_wU ej‡Z cv‡ib?Ó n¨vu Avwg ej‡Z cvwi,Ó Avwg ejjvg | ‡mvRv cÖvq 100 MR hvb Ges ev‡g Nyi‡eb| Avcwb GwU cv‡eb|Ó Ò Avcbv‡K ab¨ev` m¨vi,Ó †m ejj|)

**Answer:** The passer by stopped me and *asked respectfully if I could* tell him the way to the nearest inn. I *replied in the affirmative and said that I could*. I *instructed/told him* to go straight about 100 yards and turn left. I *also told him that then he would* find it. The man then *thanked me* respectfully.

25. “We would like to go an excursion. Can we have your permission? Sir?” said the students. “Yes, you can arrange it after the examination is over. And you should choose a historical place for that” replied the Headmaster. “Thank you, Sir.” (ÒAvgiv GKwU cÖ‡gv` åg‡b †h‡Z PvB| m¨vi ,Avgiv wK Avcbvi AbygwZ †c‡Z cvwi?Ó QvÎ-QvÎxiv ejj| Òn¨uv, cix¶v †kl nIqvi ci †Zvgiv Gi Av‡qvRb Ki‡Z cvi Ges GRb¨ †Zvgv‡`i GKwU HwZnvwmK ¯’vb cQ›` Kiv DwPZ|Ó cÖavb wk¶K DËi w`‡jj|Ó Òm¨vi Avcbv‡K ab¨ev`|)

**Answer:** The students *said that they would* like to go on an excursion. They *asked* the Headmaster *with respectfully if they could* have his permission. The Headmaster *replied in the affirmative and said that they could* arrange *that* after the examination was over. He *also said that they should* choose a historical place for that. The students *thanked* the Headmaster.

26. “What’s your programme after the examination?” asked Salam. Kamal said, I’ve not yet decided. Can you suggest any? “Let us go on a picnic.” Said Salam. “What an excellent idea! I shall certainly join with you.” said Kamal. (Òcix¶vi ci †Zvgvi Kg©m~Px wK?Ó mvjvg wRÁvmv Kij| Kvgvj ejj, ÒAvwg GLbI wmØvšÍ †bB wb| Zzwg wK †Kvb civgk© w`‡Z cvi?Ó ÓPj Avgiv eb‡fvR‡b hvB,Ó mvjvg ejj| ÒwK PgrKvi! Avwg wbwðZfv‡e †Zvgvi mv‡\_ †hvM`vb Kie,Ó Kvgvj ejj|)

**Answer:** Salam *asked* Kamal *what his* programme *was* after the examination. Kamal *replied that he had* not yet decided. Then Kamal *asked him (S) if he could* suggest any. Salam *proposed that they should* go on a picnic. Kamal *exclaimed with joy that it was* an excellent idea. He *said that he would* certainly join with him.

27. Rashed said to karim, “How are you?” I went to your hostel yesterday, but did not find you. Where did you go?” “I went to the station.” said Karim. “I had to receive my maternal uncle there.” (iv‡k` Kwig‡K ejj, ÒZzwg †Kgb AvQ? Avwg MZKvj †Zvgvi QvÎvev‡m wM‡qwQjvg wKš‘ †Zvgv‡K cvBwb| Zzwg †Kv\_vq wM‡qwQj?Ó ÒAvwg †÷k‡b wM‡qwQjvg,Ó Kwig ejj| ÒAvgv‡K †mLv‡b Avgvi gvgv‡K Af¨\_©bv Rvbv‡Z n‡qwQj|Ó)

**Answer:** Rashed *asked* Karim *how he was*. Rashed *added that he had gone* to the hostel *the previous day but had not found* him. Rashed *again asked* Karim *where he had gone*. Karim *replied that he had gone* to the station because *he had to* receive *his* maternal uncle *there*.

28. Once I asked a sweet little girl, “What is your mother’s name?” She replied cleverly, “I know my mother’s name but I won’t tell you that.” I said. “What a clever girl you are!” “I don’t tell my mother’s name to anybody whom I don’t know.” She spoke with an air of confidence. (GK`v Avwg GKwU †QvU wgwó evwjKv‡K wRÁvmv Kijvg, Ò †Zvgvi gv‡qi bvg wK?Ó †m weP¶YZvi mv‡\_ DËi w`j, ÒAvwg Avgvi gv‡qi bvg Rvwb wKš‘ Avwg Zv †Zvgv‡K eje bv|Ó Avwg ejjvg, Ò Zzwg wK weP¶Y evwjKv!Ó ÒAvwg KvD‡K Avgvi gv‡qi bvg ewj bv hv‡K Avwg wPwb bv,Ó †m AvZ¡wek¦v‡mi mv‡\_ ejj|)

**Answer:** Once I *asked* a sweet little girl *what her mother’s name was*. She *replied cleverly that she knew* her mother’s name *but she would not* tell me that. I *exclaimed with wonder that she was a very* clever girl with an air of confidence, she *spoke that she didn’t* tell *her* mother’s name to anybody whom *she didn’t* know.

29. Father said to his son, “Why are you making late? Go to school now.” “No, I am not going to school today. I feel dizzy,”said his son. (wcZv Zvi cyÎ‡K ejj, ÒZzwg †Kb †`ix KiQ? G¶ywb ¯‥z‡j hvI|Ó Òbv, Avwg AvR ¯‥z‡j hvw”Q bv| Avgvi gv\_v Nyi‡QÓ, Zvi cyÎ ejj|)

**Answer:** Father asked his son why he (S) was making late. He told him to go to school then. His son replied in the negative and told that he was not going to school that day. He added that he (S) felt dizzy.

30. “Have you killed the rates?” said the Mayor. “Yes, I have said the piper. “Give me the promised money.” “How funny!” said the Mayor, we cannot give you so much money. Take only fifty

**Answer:** The Mayor *asked* the piper *if he (p) had killed* the rates. The Piper *replied in the affirmative and said that he had*. Then *he (P) told* the Mayor *to give him (P)* the promised money. The Mayor *exclaimed in wonder that it was very* funny. He *added that they could* not give *him (P)* so much money and *told* him *to* take only fifty.

31. “Why did you not go to school yesterday?” said the mother to the girl. “I was ill, mum,” the girl replied. “How are you today?” the mother asked again.” “Well,” said the girl, “Don’t worry for me

**Answer:** The mother *asked* the girl *why she (girl) had not gone* to school *the previous day.* The girl *lovingly replied that she (girl) had been ill*. / *(Addressing her (M) as mum she (G) replied that she (G) had been ill.)* The mother *again asked her (G) how she (G) was that day*. The girl *replied that she was well*. She (G) also *said her not to* worry for her.

32. “Why don’t you attend my classes regularly?” The teacher said to the student. “You cannot expect good results unless you attend classes as I tell you.” “I am sorry, I have offended you.” “I was ill in those days,” said the student.

**Answer:** The teacher *asked* the student *why he did not* attend *his* classes regularly. The teacher *also told that he (s) could not* expect good results unless *he (s) attended* classes *as he told him(s*).The student courteously *replied that he was* sorry because *he (student) had offended him* (teacher) *and said that he had been* ill in those days.

**Online Examination**

[wcÖq QvÎ QvÎx, Zzwg hLb GB cvVwU m¤úbœ K‡i g‡b Ki‡e Zzwg GB cÖ‡kœi DËi w`‡Z mÿg Zvn‡j ZLb GB cixÿvwU w`‡e Avi DËi wUi w¯‹b kU wb‡q Bgy b¤^i 01818008290 G cvwV‡q w`‡e| ]

**Change the narrative style**

1. Father said to the son, “Why are you making late? Go to school now.” “No I am not going to school today. I feel dizzy” said the son.

2.“Have you killed the rats?” said the Mayor. “Yes I have” said the piper. “Give me the promised money.”“How funny!” said the Mayor. “We can’t give you so much money. Take only fifty.”

3. Do you understand what I discussed in the class? “ said the teacher.” Yes sir, but we are afraid of reading English . So we are weak in English” said the students. “Read attentively and you will overcome your fear “ said the teacher. “Thank you “ said the students.

4. “Why did you not go to school today?” said the mother to the girl. “I was ill, mum” the girl replied. “How are you today?” the mother asked again. “Well” said the girl. “Don’t worry for me.”*.*

5 “I came here yesterday from my village”, he said. “Why did you come?” I asked. “My mother sent me to you with this letter.” “How is your mother? I have not seen her a for a long time. I hope she is quite well.”

6. “Follow my example.” She said as we shook hands, “and never eat more than one thing for luncheon.”

“I will do better than that, “ I retorted. “I’ll eat nothing for dinner tonight.”“Humorist,” she cried gaily, jumping into a cab. DB 2011

7. “Have you cut your hair off?” asked Jim. “Cut it off and sold in,” said Della. “Don’t you like me just as well, anyhow? I’m me without my hair, aren’t I?”

8. “Will you come to my house tomorrow?” I asked the boy. “We can discuss terms and conditions then,” I said, “I shall be very happy to meet you at your hours. Thank you so much,” he replied.

9. “Could I help you sir?” said the receptionist. The man replied, “sure, I want to meet the managing director of the company.” The receptionist said, “ do you have an appointment?”“yes I have,” he said.

10. The stranger said to the boy, “will you tell me the way to the nearest hotel?” “Yes, I will. Do you want a residential one in which you can spend the night?” the boy said, “I do not want to stay here, but I only want a meal” the stranger replied. The boy said, “follow me.”

11. “Why don’t you attend classes regularly?” the teacher said to the student, “you can’t expect good results unless you attend classes as I tell you”. “I am sorry sir, I have offended you.” Said the student.

12. “Have you seen your mother, Jerry?”“I see her every summer. She sends for me.”I wanted to cry out, “why are not with her? How can she let you go away again?” He said, “she comes up here from Manville whenever she can. She does not have a job now.”

13. “Where are you from?” said the teacher. “I am from Nepal,” said the student. “how did you find Dhaka when you first arrived?” said the teacher, “well, I like it. I think the city is very beautiful,” said the student.

14. “Once I asked a little girl, “what is you mother’s name?” She replied cleverly, “I know my mother’s name but I won’t tell you that.” I said, “What a clever girl you are! May you prosper in life.”

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Writer’s Comment:-

This note is made for the young learners who are basically weak in this topic. GTM method is followed as they are young and weak in this field. Any suggestion or comments will be granted heartily from any person. It is also declared that anybody can use this note without prior permission from me but only one condition is hanging there You must engage your learners and make them understand the topic clearly.

Nazrul Islam Hossainy

 The End